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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/715,681	11/17/2000	Yoav Raz	EMS-00202	4765

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MUIRHEAD AND SATURNELLI, LLC
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EXAMINER

DADA, BEEMNET W

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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2135

MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
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11/13/2007

PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/715,681

Applicant(s)

RAZ ET AL.

Examiner

Beemnet W. Dada

Art Unit

2135

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22 October 2007.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-7,22-28,41-52 and 63-71 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-7,22-28,41-52 and 63-71 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
- ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 - ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 - ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau. (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application
- 6) ☐ Other: _____

DETAILED ACTION

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 10/22/07 has been entered. New claims 66-71 have been added. Claims 1-7, 22-28, 41-52 and 63-71 are pending.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments filed 10/22/07 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant argued that the art on record (specifically Drew, US 6,928,555) fails to teach storage device detecting write operations to tracks of the storage device, and providing any information regarding the tracks from the storage device to an anti-virus unit. Applicant further argued that, Drew is silent regarding any mention of a 'track' of a storage device. Examiner disagrees.

It is understood by the examiner that 'tracks of a storage device' correspond to 'memory locations of the storage device where a file has been stored'. Examiner would point out that, 'scanning a file implies scanning tracks of a storage device, because when a file is scanned, the memory location where the file is stored (i.e., *tracks of the storage device*) is also scanned. Furthermore, present specification page 15, lines 19-22, indicates "...Thus, the storage device may detect write operations **to tracks** of the device. Any **files that are stored on the tracks** that are written to since a previous virus scan may be deemed suspect and thus may be **scanned for viruses**." It is therefore understood by the examiner in view of the specification that, 'scanning tracks of a storage device to which write operation have been detected' is

equivalent to 'scanning a file stored on a storage device to which write operation has been detected'.

Examiner would further point out that, Drew teaches a virus scanning method, including detecting, by a storage device write operations to tracks of the storage device (i.e., opening and/or closing a file for write access & determining if the file was actually written) [column 3, lines 40-55 and column 4, lines 5-25], providing to an antivirus unit by the storage device, information indicating which tracks of the storage device have been accessed for a write operation (i.e., providing a flag indicating whether a file was actually written or not) [column 3, lines 40-55 and column 4, lines 5-25]; and scanning portions on those tracks to which a write operations have been directed (i.e., as indicated above scanning a file for a virus corresponds to scanning portions on the tracks of the storage device) in accordance with information provided by the storage device [column 3, lines 40-55 and column 4, lines 5-25]. Examiner would further point out that the combination of Waldin and Drew teaches the claim limitations and therefore, the rejection is respectfully maintained.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. Claims 1-7, 22-28, 41-52, 63-66 and 71 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Waldin et al. US Patent 6,094,731 (hereinafter Waldin) in view of Drew US 6,928,555 B1.

5. As per claim 1, 41, 63, 65, 66 and 71, Waldin teaches a method of scanning a storage device for viruses, comprising:

determining physical portions of the storage device that have been modified since a previous virus scan using information about the physical portions without using information about a file structure, a file system, or a file type [column 2, lines 57-64 column 6, lines 37-47 and column 3, lines 5-45]; and

scanning at least parts of the physical portions for viruses, wherein scanning performed without using information about a file structure, a file system or a file type [column 6, lines 43-46 ,column 7, lines 37-46, column 7, line 64 – column 8, line 8 and column 3, lines 5-45].

Waldin is silent on detecting by the storage device write operations to tracks of the storage device, and providing to an antivirus unit by the storage device, information indicating which tracks of the storage device have been accessed for a write operation and scanning those tracks. However, it is old and well known in the art to detect a write operation to tracks of a storage device and scan the tracks of the storage device by an antivirus unit, which has an advantage of enhancing the security of the system by performing virus scanning of the device on every access of the tracks of the storage device. For example, Drew teaches a virus scanning method, including detecting, by a storage device write operations to tracks of the storage device [column 3, lines 40-55 and column 4, lines 5-25]; providing to an antivirus unit by the storage device, information indicating which tracks of the storage device have been accessed for a write operation [column 3, lines 40-55 and column 4, lines 5-25]; and scanning

portions on those tracks to which a write operations have been directed (i.e., scanning a file for a virus corresponds to scanning portions on the tracks of the storage device) in accordance with information provided by the storage device [column 3, lines 40-55 and column 4, lines 5-25]. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to employ the teachings of Drew within the system of Waldin in order to further enhance the security of the system.

6. As per claims 2 and 42, Waldin further teaches the method, wherein the physical portions correspond to tracks (sectors) of the storage device [column 4, lines 4-8 and figure 1].

7. As per claims 3 and 43, Waldin further teaches the method, wherein the physical portions correspond to sectors of the storage device [column 4, lines 4-8 and figure 1].

8. As per claims 4 and 44, Waldin further teaches the method, wherein the physical portions correspond to sub-portions of the storage device [column 4, lines 4-8 and figure 1].

9. As per claims 5 and 45, Waldin further teaches creating a table that is indexed according to each of the portions [fig 1, unit 10 and column 4, lines 4-8]. Waldin also teaches scanning for viruses when it has been determined that portions have been modified [column 4, lines 9-12], and calculating a new hash value upon determination of a modification [column 4, lines 58-60]. Drew, further teaches scanning portions of a storage device to which a write operations have been directed (i.e., scanning a file for a virus corresponds to scanning portions on the tracks of the storage device) in accordance with information provided by the storage device [column 3, lines 40-55 and column 4, lines 5-25].

10. As per claims 6 and 7, Waldin further teaches method, wherein creating the table includes copying another table provided by the storage device [column 3, lines 50-55, figure 1, originating and recipient computers].

11. As per claims 46, 51 and 52 Waldin further teaches the method, wherein said means for coupling includes means for coupling to only one storage device [column 3, lines 47-55].

12. As per claims 47-50, Waldin further teaches the method, wherein said means for coupling includes means for coupling to more than one storage device [column 8, lines 20-30].

13. As per claims 22-28 and 64, the claimed steps correspond to the functions of the elements of the method claims 1-7, which has been rejected above and thus rejected with the same reason applied thereto.

14. Claims 67-70 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Waldin et al. US Patent 6,094,731 (hereinafter Waldin) in view of Drew US 6,928,555 B1 and further in view of Ruff et al. US 6,802,028 (hereinafter Ruff).

15. As per claims 67-70, Waldin and Drew teach scanning a storage device for viruses as indicated above. Furthermore, Ruff teaches an antivirus unit included in a disk controller of a storage device, wherein the disk controller is a first disk controller of a plurality of disk controllers included in the storage device, the antivirus unit is a first antivirus unit of a plurality of

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antivirus units included in the storage device and each of said plurality of disk controllers includes a different one of said plurality of antivirus units [column 7, line 53 - column 8, line 34]. It could have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to employ the teachings of Ruff within the combination of Waldin and Drew to achieve a predictable result of including an antivirus unit in a disk controller.

Conclusion

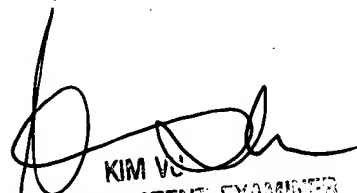
Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Beemnet W. Dada whose telephone number is (571) 272-3847. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday (9:00 am - 5:30 pm).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kim Y. Vu can be reached on (571) 272-3859. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Beemnet W Dada

November 6, 2007


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